### Before the Federal Communications Commission Washington DC 20554

	For a Declaratory Ruling Concerning Use of Last-In-First-Out Preemption With Respect to Candidate Advertisements	Petition of Canal Partners Media, LLC	In the Matter of
<u> </u>			
	Docket No. 15-24		

## REPLY COMMENTS OF OREGON ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS

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#### I. INTRODUCTION

available, there is a chance that the spot may not run. When this happens, the question becomes there turns out not to be enough time available for all preemptible spots purchased seniority system common in workplaces, the most recent preemptible ad buy is the first to go if doing this, but the most common is Last-In, First-Out ("LIFO"). This means that, similar to a how to determine which preemptible spots are to be, in fact, preempted. There are many ways of on the condition that, if it turns out that there are more preemptible ads sold than there is time commercial and political advertisers. Under this practice, broadcasters sell spots at a lower rate LLC ("Canal") is the practice by many broadcasters of selling "preemptible" time to both referenced Petition for Declaratory Ruling. At issue in the Petition from Canal Partners Media, position of the National Association of Broadcasters ("NAB"). NAB opposes the above several of its member television stations, submit these Reply comments in support of the The Oregon Association of Broadcasters, a nonprofit trade association, and

even if it was not the "Last-In." preemptible, prices, and increases the likelihood that a commercial advertiser will be preempted, It effectively requires broadcasters to sell political advertisers non-preemptible spots at lower time. This creates, as the NAB called it, a "Last-In, Never-Out" system for political advertisers from this preemption, moving them to the back of the preemption line the minute they purchase Canal's Petition asks the Commission to rule that political advertisers must be insulated

political advertisers are on an equal footing with commercial advertisers. Canal's petition seeks At the core of the Commission's political advertising rules is the goal of ensuring that

CD, Eugene, OR; KLSR-TV, Eugene, OR; KFXO-LD, Bend, OR; KTVZ, Bend, OR; and KTVL, Medford, OR. Vancouver, WA; KPTV, Portland, OR; KOTI, Klamath Falls, OR; KOBI, Medford, OR; KEVU-<sup>1</sup> The member television stations joining in these comments are: KGW, Portland, OR; KPDX,

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others in that class.5 they explicitly did not want to protect political advertisers from having their spots preempted should they choose to purchase preemptible time, so long as they were given the same terms as legislative history of that Act and subsequent Congressional actions on the subject indicate that political advertisers to receive more favorable treatment than commercial advertisers. In fact, the

sought only to ensure that political advertisers receive the same treatment as other advertisers specific markets and advertising customers, declining to intervene in order to gain more numerous occasions recognized that stations have a variety of pricing structures which suit their reserved time rules. In fact, as the NAB makes clear in its Opposition, the Commission has negotiations to ensuring that pricing and availability follow the equal time, lowest-unit-cost, and within the class of spot they purchase favorable treatment for political advertisers in these negotiations.<sup>6</sup> Instead, it made clear that it consistently followed Congressional intent, limiting its involvement in broadcaster-candidate The Petition's aim is also contrary to established Commission policy, which has

Commission's creation of the rules, preemptive pricing was a well-known practice, and was advertisers the unfair leg-up which Congress did not intend for them to have. It should not commercial advertisers. The Commission was correct then in deciding not to give political Commission intended political advertisers to be subject to the same preemption rules as mentioned numerous times in both proceedings.8 It is clear that both Congress and the During both the original enactment of the political advertising principles and the

Id. at p.6 & n.11.

Id. at p. 5-8, 11-12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Codification of the Commission's Political Programming Policies, 7 FCC Rcd. 4611, 4615 (1992).

8 Id

rulings in this proceeding. 10 change course now. It cannot go against Congressional intent,<sup>9</sup> and it may not reverse its own

### Ħ Canal's Proposal Would Undermine the Preemptible Spot System and Creates an Unfair and Illogical System in its Place

preemptible spot-buying advertisers, gets preempted advertisers must have trust in the mechanism by which the broadcaster decides who, among the preemptible spots that have been purchased to air. In order for such a system to be viable the flexibility of being able to not air the spot in the event that there is not enough time for all a simple business arrangement: the broadcaster gives the advertiser a lower rate in exchange for proposal risks undermining the entire concept of preemptible time, thereby creating worse outcomes for political and commercial advertisers alike. A "preemptible spot" system is built on H addition to being contrary to Congressional intent and Commission precedent, Canal's

prefer the LIFO model because it is the simplest and most predictable. Advertisers also benefit, advance they buy their spots because they can more easily predict whether they will be preempted based on how far in While there are many systems for doing so, including "mini-auctions," most broadcasters

purchased. This means that a commercial advertiser has no way of knowing whether they might preemption by commercial advertisers, regardless of the order in which the spots were be preempted, even if they buy well in advance, without knowing how many political advertisers Canal's proposal would completely upset this system by exempting candidate ads from

meaning that a declaratory ruling in favor of Canal is contrary to Commission Rules Congressional intent and Commission precedent, there is no 'controversy' or 'uncertainty' <sup>10</sup> 47 C.F.R. § 1.2 allows the Commission to issue a declaratory ruling as a means of "terminating controversy or removing uncertainty." Given the clear statements of both Bell Atlantic Telephone Companies v. FCC, 131 F.3d 1044, 1047 (D.C. Cir. 1997)

preemptible spots at all, harming everyone involved preemptible spots, leading to a loss of revenue such that broadcasters may choose not to offer means that political advertisers will have no interest in paying for more expensive, nonmight come along after them. This will reduce their willingness to buy preemptible spots. It also

system that Canal's proposal creates greater uncertainty and unfairness than does the current LIFC preemptible commercial advertising. No matter how this circumstance is dealt with, the fact is will next demand that the FCC require their preemptible spots to take precedence over even nonsomething it may not have the resources or expertise to perform? Perhaps political advertisers believed they couldn't be preempted in fact are? Does the station conduct a mini-auction only political spots remain? Does it return to the LIFO system, meaning that candidates who preemptible class, but how does a LIFO broadcaster decide which political spots to preempt if would require broadcasters to prioritize political spots over commercial ones within the if, as discussed above, political advertisers flock to the preemptible class. Canal's proposal available, an occurrence which is certainly possible during the busy electoral season, especially event that there are more preemptible political spots purchased than there are preemptible spots Canal imagines. As NAB points out, Canal's proposal does not deal with what happens in the This proposal will also potentially create more, and more complex, issues than those

# C. This Petition 'Solves' a Problem Which Does Not Exist.

programming, or public interest announcements. It allows advertisers, both commercial and political, to buy airtime at a discounted rate if they don't need an assurance that the spot will air flexibility of preempting spots where it becomes necessary, whether for other spots, its own The LIFO system works. It allows broadcasters to sell airtime while retaining the

risk their spot being preempted, there is a simple fix: buy non-preemptible airtime means by which they can avoid it. If advertisers, either commercial or political, do not want to of spot, 11 there is no risk of political advertisers being unaware of the risk of preemption, or the advertisers of "all pertinent information about the privileges associated with [different] classes" at a given time. And since the Commission already requires broadcasters to inform political

result for one party in a business transaction. That is emphatically not what FCC regulations are for, and the Commission should reject Canal's attempt to make them do so. Petition seeks to break a voluntary, functioning system in order to achieve a favorable economic rate that comes with a preemptible spot, but they don't want the spot to be preemptible. This fellow political ad buyers to be able to have their cake and eat it too. They want the discounted to avoid preemption is the higher cost of a non-preemptible ad spot. Ultimately, the goal of Canal's petition is to save political advertisers (of which it is one) money. Canal wants it and its debunked by the NAB Opposition, 13 the only real issue facing a political advertiser who wishes preempted because of the unique characteristics of political campaigns, 12 a claim thoroughly Despite a baseless claim that political advertisers are uniquely susceptible to being

#### CONCLUSION

of LIFO to determine the order of preemption for advertisements sold as preemptible, an established system in order to benefit itself and its clients. The practice at issue here, the use radical departure from Congressional intent and Commission precedent which would undermine Canal's proposal, styled as a request for clarification of Commission rules, is in fact a

11 Political Programming Policies, 7 FCC Rcd. at 4620.

<sup>13</sup> NAB Opposition at pp. 15-16.

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<sup>(</sup>September 29, 2014), at p. 6. 12 Petition for Declaratory Ruling, Canal Partners Media, LLC, MB Docket No. 15-24

are on the same footing, and subject to the same rules, as commercial advertisers is fully compliant with existing Commission rules, which are themselves in line with clear Congressional intent, and there is no controversy or uncertainty to resolve. Political advertisers commercial advertisers, know what they are getting and they get what they pay for. The system longstanding, efficient, lawful, and fair. All parties, broadcasters, political advertisers, and

Commission to serve the public interest by denying Canal's Petition and those member stations signing on to these Reply Comments join with the NAB in urging the is not the purpose of regulatory agencies like the FCC. The Oregon Association of Broadcasters not the Commission's intent when it crafted and reconsidered its political advertising rules, and it money. This was not Congress's intent when it set out the political advertising principles, it was Commission disadvantage broadcasters and commercial advertisers so that they might save some Canal and its clients, rather than being disadvantaged by the current rule, seek to have the

Respectfully submitted.

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Stations KTVZ, Bend, OR, and KFXO-LD, Bend, OR

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